

Acoustic test report no 20003

Laboratory	AcouTechLab (Laboratory of Acoustics) Dept. of Mechanical and Industrial Engineering, Tallinn University of Technology, Ehitajate tee 5, 19086, Tallinn, Estonia													
Date of test	30.11.2020													
Customer	Plaat Detail OÜ, represented by Karmo Lomp (karmo@plaatdetail.ee)													
Task	Determination of sound absorption coefficient													
Test object	Material sample provided by Plaat Detail OÜ (see also Appendix A1): rib-panels backed with porous acoustic layer, placed at the distance of 48 mm from the solid surface.													
Method	Reverberation room method according to EN ISO 354:2003, see Appendix A3													
Equipment	 noise level meter Brüel & Kjær 2270 measurement microphone Brüel & Kjær 4189 omnidirectional loudspeaker Brüel & Kjær 4292-L sound amplifier Brüel & Kjær 2734 acoustic calibrator Brüel & Kjær 4231. 													
Results	Sound absorption coefficient of the test sample, see also Appendix A2:													
Test conditions	Temperature: 22.4°C. rel humidity: 64%. barometric pressure: 99.8kPa													
Responsible for tests	Prof. Jüri Lavrentjev (juri.lavrentjev@ttu.ee) Govt Certified Expert in Tech. Acoustics, PhD in Tech. Acoustics													



Appendices:

A1: OBJECTS TESTED

Rib-panels backed with porous material layer made from pressed felt. The thickness of the felt was 10 mm, the ribs, made from MDF had thicness of 13 mm and width 26 mm. The space between the ribs was 14 mm. The total area of panels used in tests was 2.9 m², see Photo A1-1. For the measurements, the panels were placed at the distance from the concrete surface of the reverberation room by using wooden frame. The upper surface of the test object was 48 mm and the lower surface 23 mm from the solid surface. The edges of the wooden frame were taped.

The test method is described in Appendix A3.



Photo A1-1. The test object in the measurement room.



Photo A1-2. Top view of the panel.



A2. RESULTS:



The calculated absorption coefficients in the third-octave bands in the frequency range 100-5000 Hz are presented in Figure A2-1.

Figure A2-1. Measured and calculated absorption coefficient.

According to EN ISO 354:2003, the measured reverberation times are presented in Table A2-1.

Third-octave band																		
central frequency,	100	125	160	200	250	315	400	500	630	800	1 k	1.25 k	1.6 k	2 k	2.5 k	3.15 k	4 k	5 k
Hz																		
Reverb. time with	2 17	2 44	2.07	2 02	2 72	2 47	2 40	2 20	1 96	1 62	1 5 4	1 50	1 40	1 47	1.40	1 46	1 25	1 7 2
object (T2), s	3,17	3,44	5,07	5,05	2,72	2,47	2,49	2,50	1,00	1,05	1,54	1,50	1,49	1,47	1,49	1,40	1,55	1,23
Reverb. time empty																		
room (T1), s	3,25	3,79	3,33	3,36	3,35	3,24	3,42	3,41	2,99	2,94	2,75	2,63	2,54	2,45	2,32	2,16	1,93	1,69

Table A2-1. Measured reverberation times

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A3. TEST METHOD

Laboratory room:

Rectangular reverberation room with mansonry concrete block walls (see Photo A3-1), with the wall mass greater than 400 kg/m² (class: heavy). Dimensions of the room: 2.8 x 4.0 x 5.9 m. Total area of the walls: 55.4 m², of the floor: 23.6 m² and of the cealing: 23.6 m². An appropriate system of sound diffusers has been installed according to EN ISO 354:2003.

Equipment:

- noise level meter Brüel & Kjær 2270
- measurement microphone Brüel & Kjær 4189
- omnidirectional loudspeaker Brüel & Kjær 4292-L
- sound amplifier Brüel & Kjær 2734
- acoustic calibrator Brüel & Kjær 4231.

All equipment follows class 1 rating and is calibrated.

Method:

The measurements were carried out according to standard EN ISO 354:2003. The reverberation time was measured with and then without the tested object. The interrupted noise method with white noise was applied. The frequency range was set to 100 - 5000 Hz. For both measurement cases 2 different loudspeaker positions and 6 microphone positions were used. For each measurement case the average value of 3 reverberation times was calculated.



Photo A3-1. The installation of test objects (acoustic material sample) in AcouTechLab reverberation room. Omnidirectional acoustic source (loudspeaker) and tripod mounted measurement microphone are exhibited in the background.

Daventje